

## MEET OF TENTH CAVALRY WILL BE TURNED IN AS DEMANDED

**De Facto Government Promises To Deliver Captives of Carrizal Fight With Arms and Equipment, To United States Today**

**DANGER OF WAR LURKS IN REPLY TO ULTIMATUM**

**Concession Made In Case of Prisoners Lessens Crisis Somewhat But States Continue To Send Militia For Border Duty**

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
WASHINGTON, June 29.—Carranza has backed down and will release the troops of the Tenth Cavalry, captured in the Carrizal fighting. The men will be taken to Juarez today, and there their arms and equipment will be turned over to them and they will be set free. An officer will be detailed to meet them and take them to Fort Bliss, near El Paso. The announcement of this yielding on the part of the de facto government has lessened the tension that had been growing steadily tighter for several days, and threatened to snap today. It is believed now in official circles here that danger of an immediate break between the two countries has been averted, for a time at least, but it was admitted last night that peace still depends upon the message which Carranza is to send in answer to the American note of several days ago.

If he proves obdurate in his attitude toward Pershing's forces in Mexico, war is still not only a possibility but a probability. The government will not tolerate his assumption of control of the American troops in Mexico, nor will it rest satisfied with half-way measures in regard to the proper protection of the border.

**President Will Not Recede**

It will insist, it was said last night, that the Carranza faction in Mexico safeguard the border and crush out the banditry that has been assuming such alarming proportions of late. Until this and the other questions still pending between this country and the de facto government are settled, it was intimated that President Wilson, having made up his mind to go forward, will not turn back.

Officials confessed that the plans for today are unsettled. So much depends upon the developments in Mexico, and the answer Carranza may make. It is still possible, however, that President Wilson may call a joint session of congress, but this had not been definitely decided upon late last night.

In the meantime the preparations for war are being rushed as fast as possible, so that the emergency will not find the United States sleeping. The mobilization of the militia regiments is going well, according to the official statements issued by the war department.

**All States Have Responded**

Most of the States which have been called upon for their quota of men have responded, and most of the commands are ready to take the field. Florida, however, has been compelled to report that she is not prepared to entrain. Most of her men are raw recruits, and she has a shortage of officers that is handicapping her seriously.

Maryland, California, Oregon, Massachusetts, Maine, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey and other States are ready, and it is believed that before Saturday General Funston will have between twenty and thirty thousand additional men on the border, able to take over the work of patrolling and admitting for defense or attack, as the needs of the situation require.

In his official dispatches last night, General Funston announced that he was sending the Maryland militia to Eagle Pass, Texas, and he wanted the Florida regiments at Del Rio, Texas, but owing to the inability of the State to start its troops some other arrangement will have to be made. The contingents from Maine and New Hampshire are ordered to Laredo.

**Californians To Nogales**

The Second and Fifth Infantry regiments of the California guard, together with a battalion of Artillery and a command of Cavalry have been ordered to entrain and proceed with all possible despatch to Nogales, where the international quarrel bids fair to break into open rupture at any moment. The Twenty-first Infantry is stationed there on patrol, and has asked for reinforcement. It is possible that other militia will be ordered there as well as the California contingent, should it prove that more men are needed.

The question of mediation, dropped for a time when the United States refused to consider mediation on the matter of the release of the prisoners at Chihuahua, has been revived with the news that those men are to be released this morning. Senator Calderon, Bolivian minister, announced last night that he intended to call on Secretary Lansing this morning and renew the advance of his government toward securing American permission to begin mediatorial negotiations.

**Foreigners Warn Carranza**

Reports have reached here that ex-

## LONGS BREMEN ARE RETURNING TO WORK

**More Than Thousand Strikers Back At Jobs Under Individual Agreements**

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—More than one thousand strikers have returned to their work on the docks and ships under agreements with individual shipowners, who have submitted to the demands of the union.

Strike-breakers, however, are still at work here on other docks, and a number of the shipowners are still holding out against the demands of the men.

In Seattle a number of conferences have been held between the unionists and the shipowners, regarding the question of over time, one of the points at issue.

The governing body of the longshoremen yesterday announced that it has rejected the offers of the shipowners' association, to settle the strike on the Pacific Coast. The offer was in the nature of a compromise, which the strikers felt would prove unfair to themselves.

## FIGHT FOR SPRECKELS MILLIONS FINISHED

**John D. and Adolph Retain Control of Money**

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—John D. Spreckels and Adolph Spreckels will retain the \$25,000,000 left them by their father, the late Claus Spreckels. Their right to this money was sustained by the state supreme court yesterday, when a demurrer they had filed in the suit brought by their brothers, Claus A. Spreckels and Rudolph Spreckels, demanding an accounting, was upheld by the tribunal.

This is regarded as the end of a fight that has dragged through the California state courts for several years.

## BANDIT MURDERERS OF RANCHERS MAKE ESCAPE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
COLUMBUS, New Mexico, June 29.—The military and civil authorities here are convinced that the murderers of Mr. and Mrs. William Parker a rancher, have succeeded, in escaping the posse and patrols of cavalry that were sent after them, as soon as the news of the murder was received here. This decision was reached after the officials had investigated a report that six Mexicans had been caught on the American side of the line. The Parkers were killed at their ranch, not far from Hachita, New Mexico, after a gallant fight against the bandits had been made by Parker.

## ST. LOUIS CHOICE OF AD MEN

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—The Associated Advertising Clubs in convention here today selected St. Louis for the 1917 convention. Herbert S. Houston was re-elected president of the association.

Extremely powerful foreign influences have been brought to bear upon Carranza before he would consent to the liberation of the American prisoners. Mexicans in the United States have added their efforts to those of foreign bankers and business men in Mexico. They are said to have telegraphed to officials of the de facto government that the United States had done with Carranza, and now meant business, and that the Mexicans would continue to antagonize this country at their own peril.

Despatches from American Special Agent Rogers, in the City of Mexico, intimated that the Carranza note in reply to that of the United States might be expected some time today.

## NOGALES CENTER OF DISORDERS

NOGALES, Arizona, June 29.—With American sentries patrolling the street that separates the Mexican and American towns of Nogales, with orders to shoot any suspicious person, Mexican soldiers broke into open revolt yesterday afternoon and began looting the business houses and residences of the Mexican side of the town.

They stole \$25,000 in silver bullion from the office of the Wells, Fargo & Co. Express, and when it was demanded of them immediately refused to return the money, stating that it has been sent to "Magdalena."

Earlier in the day eight Mexican soldiers attempted to cross the border, but were herded back by the American guards, under orders from Maj. William Brooke of the Twenty-first Infantry, who is in command here.

"Drop any one who acts suspiciously," were the orders Major Brooke is used to his men, and in a statement to the press, he said:

"It is a shot across the border we will cross after the man that fires it."

No fence is the situation here that the war department has been asked to send additional troops to meet any emergency. Late last night it was announced that the authorities have instructed the California militia officers to entrain the Second and Fifth Infantry and a detachment of Cavalry, and rush them to this city immediately, in order to reinforce the regulars.

## FLAG WHEN RAIDER TORPEDOED TANKER

**Industrial Accident Board Makes Ruling Affecting 'Independent' Companies and Firms**

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
WASHINGTON, June 29.—The American rejoiner to the Austrian note explaining the sinking of the American tank steamer Petrolite, declares that the attack on the steamer by an Austrian submarine, was a deliberate insult to the American flag. It demands that Austria apologize immediately and punish the commander of the submarine. The note also insists upon full indemnity for the loss of the Petrolite.

The note, which has been prepared for the signature of President Wilson, by Secretary of State Lansing, has been ready for some time, but circumstances prevented its dispatch. It is the strongest note which the United States has sent to Austria.

After declaring that the attack on the tank steamer was an "insult to the flag of the United States," the note reviews the whole Petrolite case.

It insists that in making the attack the commander of the submarine deliberately violated the laws of war, and "invaded the rights of American citizens upon the high seas."

The administration also insists that the Vienna government apologize immediately for the insult, and severely punish the commander of the diver, so as to avoid similar "accidents" in future.

In conclusion, the message, which will be delivered in Vienna by the American ambassador today, insists that the Austro-Hungarian government pay full indemnity for all loss of property and life suffered when the Petrolite was attacked.

## LIEBKNECHT SENTENCED TO PENAL SERVITUDE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
BERLIN, June 29.—Dr. Carl Liebknecht, the socialist leader and member of a score of learned societies, has been sentenced to thirty months penal servitude at hard labor, and dismissed from the army, for the part he played in the May Day rioting, and the subsequent food riots in this city. He is accused by the authorities of attempted high treason, and with gross insubordination and resistance to the properly constituted authorities.

## MARINES FIGHTING IN SANTO DOMINGO

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
WASHINGTON, June 28.—An engagement lasting an hour between American marines and Santo Domingo rebels at Monte Cristi, Santo Domingo, was reported today by Rear-Admiral Caperton. The marines captured two trenches, following artillery fire. One American private was killed in the desperate fighting that followed the attack on the trenches.

## MEMBERS OF JAPANESE RED CROSS DECORATED

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiji.)  
TOKYO, June 29.—Members of the Japanese Red Cross, who have been serving with the French army, were decorated by President Poincaré yesterday, according to despatches from Paris to this city. This corps has been serving on the front for almost two years, and has won much praise for its work. The party will leave for Japan about the middle of next month.

## MANY WOULD SERVE UNDER ROOSEVELT

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
NEW YORK, June 28.—Upon his arrival here today to dine with Charles E. Hughes, Colonel Roosevelt found hundreds of letters and telegrams from men offering their services in the volunteer division, which it is reported Roosevelt is preparing to raise in the event of war with Mexico.

It is reported that he will command the division with the rank of major-general, if granted a commission. He declined absolutely to discuss this after the Hughes Roosevelt dinner, which was entirely private. Mr. Hughes announced with a smile that "we were in complete accord."

## JAPANESE RADIO STATION MAKES NEW WORLD RECORD

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiji.)  
TOKYO, June 29.—A new world wireless record has been established by the Japanese wireless station at Funabashi, near this city. The station, which was issued yesterday by the operators, were able to hear distinctly messages sent from Nordheim, Germany, to New York. The distance from Nordheim to Funabashi is about ten thousand miles.

## MILITARY PRISONER TO DO BORDER DUTY

Sam Klingerman, a private in Field Company E, United States Signal Corps, will go with his company to the border when it leaves for the mainland in the next transport, instead of languishing four months in the guard house. The war department yesterday cabled the local authorities to remit the unexpired portion of the sentence. The soldier has already served a month and a half of a six months' term.

## SOMETHING DEFENDABLE

Diphtheria is always more or less prevalent during this weather. Be prepared for it. Chamberlain's Cough, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is prompt and effective. It can always be depended upon. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

## SELF-INSURANCE MUST BE BACKED BY A GUARANTEE

**Industrial Accident Board Makes Ruling Affecting 'Independent' Companies and Firms**

**THEY MUST PROVE THEIR ABILITY TO PAY DEMANDS**

**Annual Statements of Profits and Losses Are Required To Be Filed With Commission**

Companies doing business in Honolulu and self-insured for the purposes of the workmen's compensation act, must come forward with a statement of their profits and losses, annually, as well as submitting an account of their assets. Such was the ruling of the industrial accident board at a meeting yesterday, when the opinion of Deputy City Attorney Carden was read. The opinion sustained the board in its contention that it was entitled to know the profits and losses of every firm which has not taken out compensation insurance.

Strong opposition to the board's insistence that such figures be given has been felt from several quarters, some large and small firms contending that a disclosure of gains and losses might be injurious to them, and that it was, at any rate, unnecessary.

## Board Enforces Its Rule

But now that it is backed by a supporting opinion of the legal department, the board showed its determination yesterday to demand the disclosure, under penalty of disallowing compensation, and to carry out their own compensation funds, as provided for under the act.

The act in this respect allows persons or companies, who do not wish to take out compensation insurance, to submit for the approval of the board a financial statement of its affairs, and if the board concludes that the person or firm is sound and has sufficient assets to meet any loss under the act, it need not require insurance of it.

Deputy Carden's opinion reads in part as follows:

"The ruling made by the industrial accident board with regard to this matter has been that proof satisfactory to the board shall be a statement of assets and liabilities, together with a profit and loss statement."

## Why Stating Is Made

"This ruling has been made in view of, and because of the fact that a statement of assets and liabilities shows nothing more than the valuation placed by the individual or company on its own assets, and does not give any indication as to the actual financial condition of the individual or company; and a company may have apparent large assets from its own books, while, as a matter of fact, through steady annual losses the actual realization value of its assets, less liabilities, may be small."

"As a profit and loss statement is required to be furnished by all corporations to the treasurer of the Territory, there can be no valid objection to the requirement of a similar exhibit being filed with the Industrial Accident Board on the ground that the company does not desire to disclose its actual profits and losses."

**Plantation Case Settled**

The Ichihiro Kikawa case, which went to the supreme court on the question of the Onah Sugar Company's liability, was settled. Kikawa was employed by a sub-contractor of the sugar company, but the court held the latter was answerable for the compensation and it was referred back to the board. He was given pay for full disability up to March, and partial for the month of March.

## PAPAALOA CONTRACTS HAVE NOT BEEN CHANGED

**However, Contractors Will Be Treated With Due Liberality**

The report which came from Hilo yesterday that the Papaaloo homesteaders have given up their plan of a cooperative independent mill aroused general interest among sugar men here. The reason given in the wireless advice was that the homesteaders have secured a most satisfactory contract from the Lanphoehoe Sugar Company.

Francis M. Swamy, managing director of Theo. H. Davies & Co., agents for the plantation, said yesterday that "thus far no changes have been made in the cane contracts, although the promise has been given that if any better terms are offered to the homesteaders the same advantage will be extended to contracts which are already in operation."

"This action is being taken by the Lanphoehoe Sugar Company because the plantation has every desire to be fair and wants to give the homesteaders all the participation they deserve in the larger profits resulting from the ruling high prices for sugar," said Mr. Swamy.

## WESTERN PACIFIC IS SOLD

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
OAKLAND, June 28.—The Western Pacific railway system was sold today to the organization committee at public auction for \$18,000,000.

## SALARIES OF CITY EMPLOYEES RAISED AT BUDGET PARLEY

**Balancing of city employees' salaries, instead of cuts which the employees were worrying about a month ago, was the result of the final consideration of the city budget for the coming six months' period, at a special meeting of the board held at half-past six o'clock yesterday afternoon and lasting until after midnight, when the board passed the budget on first reading and adjourned to next Monday evening for consideration of the budget on second reading.**

Arnold opened the discussion by reviewing his fight for increases in the salaries of the city engineers, and he won, against an earnest protest by Supervisor Horner, who voted "no" all through the session on the raises.

"We are cutting the band down \$500 a month," he said, "and it is a shame for us to be raising other salaries."

He should get their work done. Hollinger said that the city was employing engineers and other men worth \$200 or more a month they should be paid no less.

Hatch disposed of the band proposition by a motion to restore the band item to the original sum of \$2245 a month, reversing the action, agreed upon at this appropriation. In making his motion Hatch said he had come to the conclusion that "the business community of Honolulu did not want economy." In spite of all the discussion in the press about saving public funds. He said that he had gone into a fight for economy and for saving all around him, but that he did not think the business community would want it. Business men did not want the band cut down.

"We may get further expressions of public sentiment," he said, "but I now move to restore this band item."

Hatch incidentally highly complimented the band and its leader. He said, "Hatch proposed a schedule of new salaries, which provides for raises in a number of cases, and it was adopted."

**Salaries Should Be Equitable**

"The situation calls for a general equalization of salaries," he said, "though I cannot urge that it be carried into effect before January 1. Salaries should be fixed more equitably according to the services we are receiving. The legislature, by fixing salaries in some cases, has made \$250 a month the standard for heads of departments, and in cases where it did not fix the salary we should bring our schedule up to that standard."

Hatch proposed a \$250 a month class of employees, which he said should include the city clerk, auditor, treasurer, sheriff, chief of the fire department, superintendent of the electric light plant and superintendent of the water works. This calls for a raise of twenty-five dollars for the fire chief and also for the superintendent of waterworks.

In a class he would add \$225 Hatch placed the deputy auditor, deputy clerk, deputy sheriff, city physician and clerk of the first circuit court. The raises called for by his proposition are twenty-five dollars a month each for the deputy clerk, clerk of the court, deputy treasurer, bandmaster and superintendent of police; and fifty dollars for the assistant engineer of the waterworks department. With Horner opposing, the proposition was approved.

## Passes First Reading

The budget was first passed in committee of the whole, with Hollinger in the chair. Then it was passed formally by the board after a reading and ordered to print. The members in full in this instance of the Advertiser. It probably will be passed on second reading, with few changes.

## MISTAKES IN HAWAII AROUSE TAYLOR'S IRE

**Booster-in-Chief Sends Hard Kick To Magazines**

A. P. Taylor, secretary of the promotion committee, has sent to the leading magazines and publishing houses on the mainland, a letter calling their attention to the fact that many of the articles and stories about Hawaii are intentionally misleading or incorrect in important particulars. He says in part:

"For instance, many writers unwittingly speak of the Hawaiians collectively as 'Kanakas' which is a slur term, and is the same as referring to Italians as 'Dagoes,' or the Japanese as 'Japs.'"

"We feel sure that you have a role in your office prohibiting the use of slurring terms, such as this, against races of people. Therefore our committee could only be too glad to go over the proofs of any manuscript which you are preparing to publish merely from the standpoint of correctness such as the above and not to change the same in any manner."

## BLAME FOR DEATHS LAID UPON ENGINEER

A coroner's jury in Hana, Maui, yesterday returned a verdict charging the blame of the five deaths resulting from the recent railroad accident at that city to the negligence of the engineer in charge of the train, and ordering a wireless message. The cause of death, was injuries received from the derailing of a locomotive and three cars, with men, over the Hanao bridge, Hana, county of Maui, through neglect of the engineer, was the verdict.

## DUTY OF COWS FOR FROM HONEYMOON

**Wags Boats Cupid and Sends Newly Wed Husband To Mexican Border**

Called by duty to the Mexican frontier, Donald Cowl, a major of the New York National Guard, abandoned his honeymoon and the bride at the same time, boarded the Matsonia with his bride, and sailed right back to the mainland yesterday.

He had been married two weeks, and was on his way to Honolulu for the short honeymoon he had been able to allow himself, when the plitika in Mexico started. A wireless message from his commanding officer announced that his regiment had been called out for border duty and was on its way to the border, and instructed him to report for duty immediately.

The message reached Major Cowl in mid-ocean, and he at once began wireless telegraphing to this port to make arrangements for leaving. Here at the earliest possible moment. It was learned that the Matsonia would sail just about the time the Lurline reached port, so again the wireless was requisitioned and the major made his reservations. The captain of the Lurline did the deed.

The Cowl trunk and bags were brought on deck, and a message sent for a launch. The launch turned up in time, the trunks and the Cowls went over the side, followed by showers of rice and confetti, and caught the Matsonia as she was about to start.

"He ought to get a medal for that alone," said one of the passengers in the Lurline, as she watched the couple steam away in the launch.

"Then he ought to get two medals," said a male passenger, with his eyes on the pretty bride.

## KAUAI IS READY FOR JULY FOURTH

**Fourth Regiment of National Guard of Hawaii Will Take Important Part in Celebration**

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)  
LIHUE, June 27.—That the Fourth of July will come in with all possible glory is fully decided by the Fourth Regiment of the National Guard of Hawaii. Each battalion has held a drill in preparation for the occasion. The first battalion held its drill and inspection last Sunday afternoon in the Lihue ballpark. The four companies did some good work along all the prescribed lines and Colonel Broadbent and his staff witnessed and inspected them. This was the final drill before the morning of the Fourth. At that time the entire regiment will drill on the Lihue grounds headed by the Regimental Band.

One hundred and fifty uniforms have arrived which will be used to equip the members of the band and the Hawaiian Corps. The competitive drills will be held during the early part of the day's program and a number of handsome prizes have been offered to encourage the various companies. Two handsome cups will be given as the first and second prizes for the best drilled companies and various other rewards will be received for the different lines of activities. The Lihue Ensign will offer a suit of clothes, and will the Kapua Store also will donate watches, hats, pin-apples and all kinds of other acceptable articles.

After the drills, the literary program will begin, probably about eleven-thirty. The important address of the day will be delivered by Governor Pinkham. He will attend the celebration and officiate in the capacity of commander-in-chief. Rev. C. D. Miller also will speak. Doris Broadbent, the charming daughter of Colonel Broadbent, will read the Declaration of Independence and the Regimental Band will render a number of selections.

In the afternoon, the athletic events will be held concerning which a great deal of enthusiasm has been aroused. At every station about the company of the Manaschewitz sectional guard will be on duty. Captain F. C. Morrow. Among the events will be races of various kinds, high and broad jumping, pole vaulting, rope climbing, shot putting and rifle competitions.

On the whole the celebration will be on the largest scale ever given on Kauai and the only big military event witnessed on the Garden Isle. The presence of the Governor will add much to the importance and value of the day.

## FORMER PUNAHOU BOY EN ROUTE TO BORDER

A wireless message was received yesterday from Clifton Emory, son of W. L. Emory, stating that the company of the Massachusetts sectional guard of which young Emory is a member, is proceeding to El Paso for service in connection with the Mexican difficulty. Clifton Emory is a graduate of Punahou Academy, and was a non-commissioned officer in the national guard here. After leaving here he took a course in general electrical engineering in Massachusetts and won a commission in the national guard of that State.

## PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

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## SLAY RUSHES IN BUKOWINA IS CHECKED BY TEUTONIC FOE

**Austrian Reinforcements Compel Russ to Halt In Their Swift Advance Upon Southern Passes of the Carpathian Mountains**

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
LONDON, June 29.—Reinforcements of the Austrians, are enabling the Teutons in the Bukovina and the foothills of the Carpathians to hold back the Russian left wing, under General Brusiloff, in spite of the continued terrific assaults the Slavs are launching daily.

In the Volhynian triangle the fighting continues to be desperate, and is increasing in intensity as fresh masses of Germans and Russians come to replace the troops lost, and to reinforce the regiments which have suffered most in the recent struggle. The reports continue to indicate that the Germans are successfully withstanding the ferocious attacks of the Russians, and have even gained ground from their enemy.

## GERMAN COUNTER ATTACKS GAIN VOLHYNIAN GROUND

**Fighting On West Bank of Meuse Heavy, and French Report Successful Assaults Against Crown Prince's Lines At Thiaumont**

Berlin reports a counter-offensive, launched by three troops under the command of Field Marshal von Linsingen, and the capture of the little town of Linow, and positions formerly held by the Russians south of that point.

One of the most sensational developments of the day in the world war was the report of the receipt of an ultimatum from Germany by Switzerland.

Paris made public a despatch from Zurich, declaring that the Berlin government has sent a curt message giving the Swiss people until six o'clock to night to arrange for an exchange of commodities with Germany. Military experts here are wondering what this may mean, and the exact nature of the demands said to have been made by Berlin.

## A Fight On Greek Border

Still another development was the resumption of the fighting on the Greek Serbian frontier. There, according to official reports from Athens and Salonika, the heavy artillery of the rival nations has commenced a fierce artillery duel, and there is talk of a fresh allied advance from the armed camp at Salonika.

The Italians are battering away at the Austrians and are fast making good the losses sustained by them in the Teutonic drive on their lines of last month. In the Trentino, where the bulk of the Italian attacks are being made the Austrians have been pushed back for miles, and one after another strategic points and positions are falling into the hands of the Italians.

## Two Towns Captured

The Austrians have given ground under the fierce Latin assaults on practically the entire Trentino front, and have abandoned the towns of Monte Giomondo and Monte Cavojo.

The battle of Verdun continues, and is now in its fifth month, without any sign that either side is prepared to quit, and allow the other to claim a victory. Yesterday the official reports said that the Germans have resumed their artillery attack on the French positions northwest of the city, turning the attention of their heavy guns upon the positions of Avocourt and Chateauvieux.

Further to the west the Germans are attacking, and Berlin reports that yesterday they managed to gain advanced positions held by the French in the neighborhood of the Butte Tahure, which the French took in their great Champagne drive of last September. The Germans, however, appear to have been unable to hold on to the ground they gained, for they were driven out of the captured positions by French counter-attacks.

## Big Drive Not Yet

It is not believed here that the long hoped for and expected allied drive has commenced, but that the British troops are attacking to keep the Teutons from sending reinforcements to other points on their line, particularly at Verdun.

The British artillery has been active all along the line from the La Bassée Canal, near the Belgium border, to the positions south of the Somme. British airmen have also been kept hard at work, and report many engagements with the enemies' aeroplanes.

British headquarters yesterday reported the capture of prisoners in the recent raids.

## Grecian Situation Critical

The situation in Greece is critical and uncertain, though the Greeks are rapidly carrying out the demands of the Allies. There is, however, much agitation.